

# **PART 247—COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM**

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## **§ 247.1 Definitions.**

Following is a list of definitions that apply to the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CSFP).

*Applicant* means any person who applies to receive program benefits. Applicants include program participants applying for recertification.

*Breastfeeding women* means women up to one year postpartum who are breastfeeding their infants.

*Caseload* means the number of persons the State agency may serve on an average monthly basis over the course of the caseload cycle.

*Caseload cycle* means the period from January 1 through the following December 31.

*Certification* means the use of procedures to determine an applicant's eligibility for the program.

*Certification period* means the period of time that a participant may continue to receive program benefits without a review of his or her eligibility.

*Children* means persons who are at least one year of age but have not reached their sixth birthday.

*Commodities* means nutritious foods purchased by USDA to supplement the diets of CSFP participants.

*CSFP* means the Commodity Supplemental Food Program.

*Department* means the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

*Disqualification* means the act of ending Program participation of a participant as a punitive sanction.

*Dual participation* means simultaneous participation by an individual in CSFP and the WIC Program, or in CSFP at more than one distribution site.

*Elderly persons* means persons at least 60 years of age.

*Fiscal year* means the period from October 1 through the following September 30.

*FNS* means the Food and Nutrition Service.

*Infants* means persons under one year of age.

*Local agency* means a public or private nonprofit agency, including an Indian tribal organization, which enters

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into an agreement with the State agency to administer CSFP at the local level.

*Nonprofit agency* means a private agency or organization with tax-exempt status under the Internal Revenue Code, or that has applied for tax-exempt status with the Internal Revenue Service.

*Postpartum women* means women up to one year after termination of pregnancy.

*Proxy* means any person designated by a participant, or by the participant's adult parent or caretaker, to obtain supplemental foods on behalf of the participant.

*7 CFR part 250* means the Department's regulations pertaining to the donation of foods for use in USDA food distribution programs.

*7 CFR part 3016* means the Department's regulations pertaining to administrative requirements for grants and cooperative agreements with State, local, and Indian tribal governments.

*7 CFR part 3019* means the Department's regulations pertaining to administrative requirements for grants and cooperative agreements with nonprofit organizations.

*7 CFR part 3052* means the Department's regulations pertaining to audits of States, local governments, and nonprofit organizations.

*State* means any of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands.

*State agency* means the agency designated by the State to administer CSFP at the State level; an Indian tribe or tribal organization recognized by the Department of the Interior that administers the program for a specified tribe or tribes; or, the appropriate area office of the Indian Health Service of the Department of Health and Human Services.

*State Plan* means the document that describes the manner in which the State agency intends to administer the program in the State.

*Subdistributing agency* means an agency or organization that has entered into an agreement with the State agency

to perform functions normally performed by the State, such as entering into agreements with eligible recipient agencies under which commodities are made available, ordering commodities and/or making arrangements for the storage and delivery of such commodities on behalf of eligible recipient agencies.

*WIC Program* means the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

### § 247.2 The purpose and scope of CSFP.

(a) *How does CSFP help participants?* Through CSFP, the Department provides nutritious commodities to help State and local agencies meet the nutritional needs of low-income pregnant, postpartum, and breastfeeding women, infants under one year of age, children who are at least one year of age but have not reached their sixth birthday, and elderly persons. Through local agencies, each participant receives a monthly package of commodities, based on food package guide rates developed by FNS, with input from State and local agencies. Food packages include such nutritious foods as infant formula and cereal, juices, canned fruits and vegetables, canned meat or poultry and other protein items, and grain products such as pasta, as well as other foods. Participants also receive nutrition education.

(b) *How many persons may be served in CSFP?* State agencies may serve eligible persons up to the caseload limit assigned to them by FNS. Caseload is the number of persons that may be served on an average monthly basis over the course of the caseload cycle, which extends from January 1 through the following December 31.

### § 247.3 Administering agencies.

(a) *What agencies are responsible for administering CSFP?* CSFP is administered at the Federal level by the Department's Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), which provides commodities, assigns caseload, and allocates administrative funds to State agencies. State agencies are responsible for administering the program at the State level. The State agency may select local agencies to administer the program in